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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/046,731	01/17/2002	Shiquan Tao	2343-133-27	2499
7590 08/10/2005			EXAMINER	
Supervisor, Patent Prosecution Services			MOONEY, MICHAEL P	
PIPER MARBURY RUDNICK & WOLFE LLP 1200 Nineteenth Street, N.W.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Washington, DC 20036-2412			2883	
			DATE MAILED: 08/10/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
.; .;	•	10/046,731	TAO ET AL.	(org)			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	$\overline{}$			
	<u>.</u>	Michael P. Moor	ney 2883				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication	n appears on the cove	r sheet with the correspondence	address			
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 G SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicati period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, on. , a reply within the statutory minus period will apply and will expire statute, cause the application to	ever, may a reply be timely filed nimum of thirty (30) days will be considered t SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of th o become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nis communication.			
Status							
·	a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-49 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6,8,16,20,23 and 24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 7,9-15,17-19,21,22 and 25-49 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Applicati	ion Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Example The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the oath or declaration is objected to by the specific transfer of transfer]accepted or b)□ ob to the drawing(s) be held correction is required if th	in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a e drawing(s) is objected to. See 37	7 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bee the attached detailed Office action for	ments have been rece ments have been rece e priority documents ha ureau (PCT Rule 17.2	eived. eived in Application No ave been received in this Nation (a)).	nal Stage			
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S r No(s)/Mail Date	SB/08) 5) 🔲	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (I	PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 2883

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's arguments regarding the 3/11/05 Office action rejection under Sigel et al. are acknowledged and are persuasive. The 3/11/05 Office action rejection and all other prior arguments are most in light of the following new grounds of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4, 6, 8, 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102b as being anticipated by Onorato et al. (4680049).

Onorato et al. teaches a method for making a porous sol-gel fiber (col. 5 lines 30-55), the method comprising steps of: hydrolyzing a silicate ester with water using a catalyst (col. 4 lines 1-15) to form a hydrolyzed solution (col. 5 lines 30-55); transferring the hydrolyzed solution into the cavity of a mold (col. 5 lines 30-55); allowing the hydrolyzed solution to gelatinize to form a sol-gel fiber (col. 5 lines 30-55); removing the sol-gel fiber from the mold; and drying the sol-gel fiber (col. 5 lines 30-55).

Thus claim 1 is met.

By the reasons and references given above Onorato et al. teaches each and every element of each of claims 2-4, 8, 16. Thus claims 2-4, 8, 16 are met.

Onorato et al. teaches wherein the hydrolyzed solution is allowed to gelatinize for at least two days. (col. 5 lines 30-68). Thus claim 6 is met.

Art Unit: 2883

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 5, 20, 23, 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103a as being unpatentable over Onorato et al. (4680049).

Onorato et al. teaches a method for making a porous sol-gel fiber (col. 5 lines 30-55), the method comprising steps of: hydrolyzing a silicate ester with water using a catalyst (col. 4 lines 1-15) to form a hydrolyzed solution (col. 5 lines 30-55); transferring the hydrolyzed solution into the cavity of a mold (col. 5 lines 30-55); allowing the hydrolyzed solution to gelatinize to form a sol-gel fiber (col. 5 lines 30-55); removing the sol-gel fiber from the mold; and drying the sol-gel fiber (col. 5 lines 30-55).

Art Unit: 2883

Although Onorato et al. does not explicitly state "wherein the mold cavity is a tubular cavity" it would have been obvious to do so because Onorato et al. does teach an optical fiber (col. 5 lines 40-45) and it is conventional to make optical fibers in a cylindrical shape.

Thus claim 5 is rejected.

Each and every element of claim 20 is rejected by the reasons and references given above in addition to the fact that it is conventional to place a fiber between a light source and a detector. Thus claim 20 is rejected.

Regarding claim 23, the range of 500 micrometers or less is conventional for optical fibers and rod lens fibers. Thus claim 23 is rejected.

Regarding claim 24, optical fiber connector (rod lens fibers) are conventionally in the range of at least 1 mm. Thus claim 24 is rejected.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 7, 9-15, 17-19, 21-22, 25-49 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art, either alone or in combination, does not disclose or render obvious wherein the sol-gel fiber is removed from the mold by injecting a fluid into the mold in combination with the rest of claim 7.

It is noted that the claim 7 is allowable because the unique combination of each and every specific element stated in the claim.

Art Unit: 2883

The prior art, either alone or in combination, does not disclose or render obvious further comprising a step of incorporating a sensing material into the sol-gel fiber in combination with the rest of claims 9 or 21.

It is noted that the claims 9, 21 are allowable because the unique combination of each and every specific element stated in the claim.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael P. Mooney whose telephone number is 571-272-2422. The examiner can normally be reached during weekdays, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frank G. Font can be reached on 571-272-2415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-

1562.

Michael P. Mooney

Examiner

Art Unit 2883

Frank G. Font

Supervisory Patent Examiner

Frank & Fort

Art Unit 2883

FGF/mpm 8/8/05